

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

		I. PRODUC	T IDENTIFICATION			
MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER Exide Technologies 13000 Deerfield Parkway, Bldg. 200 Milton, GA 30004		CHEMICAL/TRADE NAME Lead-Acid Battery (as used on label)				
		PRODUCT ID	UN2794			
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION Primary Contact:		CHEMICAL FAMILY/ CLASSIFICATION	Electric Storage Battery			
	le SDS Support (770) 421-3 ry Contact:	485	FOR EMERGENCY CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300			
	Bolea (423) 989-6377					
	Ganster (610) 921-4052		(703) 527-3887 – Collec			
Tica	Galister (010) 921-4052		24-hour Emergency Response Contact			
			Ask for Environmental (			
		II. HAZAR	D IDENTIFICATION			
Catago	$\mathbf{V}$	Signal GHS Codes	Word: Danger Description			
Category:		H302	Harmful if swallowed.			
		H302 H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye c	lamage		
		H314 H332	Harmful if inhaled.			
		H352 H350	May cause cancer by ingestion			
		H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposu			
Iealth:	STOT RE 2	H373				
	Acute Tox. 4	H220	Extremely flammable gas (hydrogen)			
	Repr. 1A Skin Corr. 1A	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long			
	Flam. Gas 1	P260		Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.		
	Carc. 1A (arsenic)	P308+313	If exposed/concerned, seek medica			
		P301/330/331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. D			
	Aquatic Chronic 1	P303/361/353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.			
	Aquatic Acute 1	P304/340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a			
		2001/010	position comfortable for breathing	an and hoop at root in a		
		P305/351/338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with			
			Remove contact lenses, if present a			
		P310	Immediately call a POISON CENT	<u> </u>		
		P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking		
		P210 P260	Keep away from heat/sparks/open Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking		
		P210 P260 P264	Keep away from heat/sparks/open Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist Wash thoroughly after handling.	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray		
		P210 P260	Keep away from heat/sparks/open Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray		
Handling:		P210 P260 P264	Keep away from heat/sparks/open Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist Wash thoroughly after handling.	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray		
Handling:		P210 P260 P264 P280	Keep away from heat/sparks/open Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective protection.	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray		
Handling:		P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 P405 P391	Keep away from heat/sparks/openDo not breathe dust/fume/gas/mistWash thoroughly after handling.Wear protective gloves/protectiveprotection.Store in well-ventilated areaStore locked up.Collect spillage	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray		
Handling:		P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 P405 P391 P273	Keep away from heat/sparks/openDo not breathe dust/fume/gas/mistWash thoroughly after handling.Wear protective gloves/protectiveprotection.Store in well-ventilated areaStore locked up.Collect spillageAvoid release to the environment	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray clothing/eye protection/face		
Handling:		P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 P405 P391	Keep away from heat/sparks/openDo not breathe dust/fume/gas/mistWash thoroughly after handling.Wear protective gloves/protectiveprotection.Store in well-ventilated areaStore locked up.Collect spillageAvoid release to the environmentDispose of contents/container in account	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray clothing/eye protection/face		
		P210 P260 P264 P280 P403 P405 P391 P273 P501	Keep away from heat/sparks/openDo not breathe dust/fume/gas/mistWash thoroughly after handling.Wear protective gloves/protectiveprotection.Store in well-ventilated areaStore locked up.Collect spillageAvoid release to the environment	flames/hot surfaces. No smoking /vapors/spray clothing/eye protection/face ccordance with ll regulation.		

	III. CO	MPOSITION/INFO	RMATION ON	INGREDIENTS
Ingredient		CAS Number	% by Wt.	
Inorganic comp	ounds of:		-	1
Lead		7439-92-1	54-62	
Antimony		7440-36-0	0.4	
Tin		7440-31-5	0.16	
Calcium		7440-70-2	0.02	
Arsenic		7440-38-2	0.01	
Electrolyte (sulf	furic acid/water/solution)	7664-93-9	26-40	
Case Material:				
Polypropy		9003-07-0	5-12	
Hard Rubb		N/A		
Plate Separator Polyethyl		9002-88-4	1-2	
Note: Inorganic Technolog	lead and electrolyte (water an	d sulfuric acid solutio ingredients may be pr batteries.	n) are the primary	components of every battery manufactured by Exide pon battery type. Polypropylene is the principal case
Take proper p	recautions to ensure you ow	n health and safety b	efore attempting	to rescue a victim and provide first aid.
Inhalation: Skin Contact:	Lead/arsenic compounds: Remove from exposure, gargle, wash nose and lips; consult physician.			
Eye Contact:				
Ingestion:         Electrolyte: Give large quantities of water; do not induce vomiting; consult physician.           Lead/arsenic compounds:         Consult physician immediately.				
		V. FIRE FIGH	TING MEASUR	RES
Flash Point:	Not Applicable		<b>TI 7 1 0 0</b>	
Flammable Limits:LEL = 4.1% (Hydrogen Gas in air); UEL = 74.2%				
Extinguishing		chemical		
clothing, g of series c	ve pressure, self-contained br gloves, face and eye protection	n. If batteries are on c	harge, shut off po	tter during water application and wear acid-resistant wer to the charging equipment, but, note that strings arging equipment is shut down.
In operation ignited by liquid elect	on, batteries generate and rele burning cigarette, naked flam	ne or spark, may cause nufacturer's instructior	battery explosion is for installation	st always be assumed to contain this gas which, if a with dispersion of casing fragments and corrosive and service. Keep away all sources of gas ignition positive terminals of a battery.
		VI. ACCIDENTAL	RELEASE MEA	ASURES
carefully neutral shield. <i>Do not a</i>	lize spilled electrolyte with so	oda ash, sodium bicarb <i>ver</i> . Acid must be ma	oonate, lime, etc. naged in accorda	te. Do not use combustible materials. If possible, Wear acid-resistant clothing, boots, gloves, and face nee with approved local, state, and federal
		VII. HANDLIN	IG AND STORA	GE
tipping, wi electric sh		akage. Single batterie	s pose no risk of e	contents of the battery. Handle carefully and avoid electric shock but there may be increasing risk of
create flan	nes, spark, or heat. Store on s	smooth, impervious su	rfaces provided w	ompatible materials and from activities that may with measures for liquid containment in the event of hals on a battery and create a dangerous short-circuit.

# **Charging:**

There is a possible risk of electric shock from charging equipment and from strings of series connected batteries, whether or not being charged. Shut-off power to chargers whenever not in use and before detachment of any circuit connections. Batteries being charged will generate and release flammable hydrogen gas. Charging space should be ventilated. Keep battery vent caps in position. Prohibit smoking and avoid creation of flames and sparks nearby. Wear face and eye protection when near batteries being charged.

VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION						
	Occupational Exposure Limits (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )					
Ingredient	US OSHA	US ACGIH	US NIOSH	Quebec PEV	Ontario OEL	EU OEL
Inorganic compounds of: Lead Antimony Tin Arsenic	0.05 0.5 2 0.01	0.05 0.5 2 0.01	0.05 0.5 2 0.002(c)	0.05 0.5 2 0.002	0.05 0.5 2 0.01	0.15(a) 0.5(a,d) 2(e) 0.01(a,f)
Electrolyte (sulfuric acid/water/solution)	1	0.2	1	1	0.2	0.05(b)

NOTES:

- a) as inhalable aerosol
- b) thoracic fraction
- c) potential occupational carcinogen
- d) based on OELs of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Netherlands, Switzerland, & UK
- based on OEL of Belgium e)
- based on OEL of Belgium & Denmark f)

# **Engineering Controls (Ventilation):**

Store and handle in well-ventilated area. If mechanical ventilation is used, components must be acid-resistant. Handle batteries cautiously, do not tip to avoid spills. Make certain vent caps are on securely. If battery case is damaged, avoid bodily contact with internal components. Wear protective clothing, eye and face protection, when filling, charging, or handling batteries.

#### **Respiratory Protection (NIOSH/MSHA approved):**

None required under normal conditions. When concentrations of sulfuric acid mist are known to exceed PEL, use NIOSH or MSHA-approved respiratory protection.

### **Skin Protection:**

Rubber or plastic acid-resistant gloves with elbow-length gauntlet. Acid-resistant apron. Under severe exposure or emergency conditions, wear acid-resistant clothing, gloves, and boots.

# **Eve Protection:**

Chemical goggles or face shield.

#### **Other Protection:**

In areas where water and sulfuric acid solutions are handled in concentrations greater than 1%, emergency eyewash stations and showers should be provided, with unlimited water supply.

	IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL		1 21 25 - 1 2020	
Boiling Point@760 mm Hg	226 to 237° F	Specific Gravity @ 77°F (H <sub>2</sub> O=1)	1.2185 to 1.3028	
Melting Point	Not Applicable	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	13.5 to 17.8	
% Solubility in Water	100	рН	Less than 1	
Evaporation Rate	Less Than 1	Vapor Density (AIR=1)		
(Butyl acetate=1)		Viscosity	Not applicable	
Appearance and Odor Threshold	Electrolyte is a clear liquid with a sharp, penetrating, pungent odor. A battery is a manufactured article; no apparent odor.	% Volatiles by Volume @70°F	Not Applicable	
Octanol Water Partition	Not Applicable			
Coefficient (K <sub>ow</sub> )				
Note: The properties above re	flect 30-40% Sulfuric acid			
	X. STABILITY &	z REACTIVITY		
Stability:     Stable     X       Unstable				
Conditions to Avoid: Prolo	nged overcharge at high current; sources	of ignition.		

### **Incompatibilities:** (materials to avoid)

<u>Electrolyte</u>: Contact with combustibles and organic materials may cause fire and explosion. Also reacts violently with strong reducing agents, metals, sulfur trioxide gas, strong oxidizers, and water. Contact with metals may produce toxic sulfur dioxide fumes and may release flammable hydrogen gas. No further concern for mechanical impact.

Lead compounds: Avoid contact with strong acids, bases, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, and reducing agents.

<u>Arsenic compounds</u>: strong oxidizers; bromine azide. NOTE: hydrogen gas can react with inorganic arsenic to form the highly toxic gas - arsine

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Electrolyte: Sulfur trioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfuric acid mist, sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide.

<u>Lead compounds</u>: Temperatures above the melting point are likely to produce toxic metal fume, vapor, or dust; contact with strong acid or base or presence of nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas.

#### Hazardous Polymerization: will not occur

### XI. TOXICOLOGICAL DATA

#### **Routes of Entry:**

Electrolyte: Harmful by all routes of entry.

<u>Lead/arsenic compounds</u>: Hazardous exposure can occur only when product is heated above the melting point, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create dust, vapor, or fume. The presence of nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas.

#### Acute Toxicity:

Inhalation LD	$_{50}$ : <u>Electrolyte</u> : LC <sub>50</sub> rat: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; LC <sub>50</sub> : guinea pig: 510 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Elemental Lead: Acute Toxicity Point Estimate = 4500 ppmV (based on lead bullion)
	Elemental arsenic: No data
Oral LD <sub>50</sub> :	Electrolyte: rat: 2140 mg/kg
	Elemental lead: Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) = 500 mg/kg body weight (based on lead bullion)
	Elemental arsenic: $LD_{50}$ mouse: 145 mg/kg

#### Inhalation:

<u>Electrolyte</u>: Breathing of sulfuric acid vapors or mists may cause severe respiratory irritation. May lead to increase of risk of lung cancer.

Lead compounds: Inhalation of lead dust or fumes may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs.

#### **Ingestion:**

<u>Electrolyte</u>: May cause severe irritation of mouth, throat, esophagus, and stomach. <u>Lead/arsenic compounds</u>: Acute ingestion may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and severe cramping. This may lead rapidly to systemic toxicity. Acute ingestion should be treated by physician.

#### **Skin Contact:**

<u>Electrolyte</u>: Severe irritation, burns, and ulceration. Sulfuric acid is not readily absorbed through the skin and is not a dermal sensitizer.

<u>Lead compounds</u>: Not absorbed through the skin and is not a dermal sensitizer. <u>Arsenic compounds</u>: Contact may cause dermatitis and skin hyperpigmentation. Arsenic pentoxides are dermal sensitizers.

#### **Eye Contact:**

<u>Electrolyte</u>: Severe irritation, burns, cornea damage, blindness. <u>Lead/arsenic compounds</u>: May cause eye irritation.

#### **Synergistic Products:**

Electrolyte: No known synergistic products

<u>Lead compounds</u>: Synergistic effects have been noted with heavy metals (arsenic, cadmium, mercury), N-nitroso-N-(hydroxyethyl)ethylamine, N-(4-fluoro-4-biphenyl)acetamide, 2-(nitrosoethylamine)ethanol, and benzo[a]pyrene. <u>Arsenic compounds</u>: Cigarette smoking has been shown to increase the occurrence of lung cancer in people with high levels of arsenic in the drinking water Co-exposure to ethanol and arsenic may exacerbate the toxic effects of arsenic

#### Additional Information:

#### Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

Overexposure to sulfuric acid mist may cause lung damage and aggravate pulmonary conditions. Contact of electrolyte (water & sulfuric acid solution) with skin may aggravate skin diseases such as eczema and contact dermatitis. Contact of electrolyte (water & sulfuric acid solution) with eyes may damage cornea and/or cause blindness. Lead and its compounds can aggravate some forms of kidney, liver, and

neurologic diseases.				
Additional Health Data: All heavy metals, including the hazardous ingredients in this product, are taken into the body primarily by inhalation and ingestion. Most inhalation problems can be avoided by adequate precautions such as ventilation and respiratory protection covered in Section VIII. Follow good personal hygiene to avoid inhalation and ingestion: wash hands, face, neck and arms thoroughly before eating, smoking or leaving the work site. Keep contaminated clothing out of non-contaminated areas, or wear cover clothing when in such areas. Restrict the use and presence of food, tobacco and cosmetics to non-contaminated areas. Work clothes and work equipment used in contaminated areas must remain in designated areas and never taken home or laundered with personal non-contaminated clothing. This product is intended for industrial use only and should be isolated from children and their environment. XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
<ul> <li>Environmental Fate: lead is very persistent in soil and sediments. No data on environmental degradation. Mobility of metallic lead between ecological compartments is slow. Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants but little bioaccumulation occurs through the food chain. Most studies include lead compounds and not elemental lead.</li> <li>Environmental Toxicity: Aquatic Toxicity:</li> <li>Sulfuric acid: 24-hr LC<sub>50</sub>, freshwater fish (<i>Brachydanio rerio</i>): 82 mg/L 96 hr- LOEC, freshwater fish (<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>): 22 mg/L</li> <li>Lead: 48 hr LC<sub>50</sub> (modeled for aquatic invertebrates): &lt;1 mg/L, based on lead bullion Arsenic: 24 hr LC<sub>50</sub>, freshwater fish (<i>Carrassisus auratus</i>) &gt;5000 g/L.</li> </ul>				
XIII. DISPOSAL INFORMATION				
US Spent batteries: Send to secondary lead smelter for recycling. Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled. Spilled sulfuric acid is a characteristic hazardous waste; EPA hazardous waste number <u>D002</u> (corrosivity) and D008 (lead).				
Electrolyte: Place neutralized slurry into sealed acid resistant containers and dispose of as hazardous waste, as applicable. Large water diluted spills, after neutralization and testing, should be managed in accordance with approved local, state, and federal requirements. Consult state environmental agency and/or federal EPA.				
XIV. TRANSPORT INFORMATION				
GROUND – US-DOT/CAN-TDG/EU-ADR/APEC-ADR: Batteries, Wet, Filled with Acid UN 2794, 8, PG III Label: "Corrosive" AIRCRAFT – ICAO-IATA: Batteries, Wet, Filled with Acid UN 2794, 8 Label: "Corrosive" Reference IATA packing instructions 870				
VESSEL – IMO-IMDG: Batteries, Wet, Filled with Acid UN 2794, 8 Label: "Corrosive" Reference IMDG packing instructions P801				
<ul> <li>Additional Information:</li> <li>Batteries must be kept upright at all times and packaged as required to prevent short circuits.</li> <li>Transport may require packaging and paperwork, including the Nature and Quantity of goods, per applicable origin/destination/customs points as-shipped.</li> </ul>				
XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION				
United States: EPA SARA Title III Section 302 EPCRA Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS): Sulfuric acid is a listed "Extremely Hazardous Substance" under EPCRA, with a Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) of 1,000 lbs.				
EPCRA Section 302 notification is required if <b>500 lbs</b> or more of sulfuric acid is present at one site (40 CFR 370.10). An average automotive/commercial battery contains approximately 5 lbs of sulfuric acid. Contact your Exide representative for additional information.				
Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable Quantity (RQ) for spilled 100% sulfuric acid under CERCLA (Superfund) and EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act) is <b>1,000 lbs</b> . State and local reportable quantities for spilled sulfuric acid				

#### Section 311/312 Hazard Categorization:

EPCRA Section 312 Tier Two reporting is required for non-automotive batteries if sulfuric acid is present in quantities of **500 lbs** or more and/or if lead is present in quantities of **10,000 lbs** or more.

# Section 313 EPCRA Toxic Substances:

**Supplier Notification:** This product contains toxic chemicals that may be reportable under EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Chemical Release Inventory (Form R) requirements. For a manufacturing facility under SIC codes 20 through 39, the following information is provided to enable you to complete the required reports:

Toxic Chemical	CAS Number	Approximate % by Weight
Lead	7439-92-1	54-62
Sulfuric Acid/Water Solution	7664-93-9	26-40
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.4
Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.01
Tin	7440-31-5	0.16

Note: The Section 313 supplier notification requirement does not apply to batteries that are "consumer products".

TSCA: Each ingredient chemical listed in Section III of this SDS is also listed on the TSCA registry.

OSHA: hazardous in accordance with Hazard Communication Act (29CFR1910.1200)

- **RCRA:** Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled. Spilled sulfuric acid is a characteristic hazardous waste; EPA hazardous waste number <u>D002</u> (corrosivity) and D008 (lead).
- CAA: Exide Technologies supports preventative actions concerning ozone depletion in the atmosphere due to emissions of CFC's and other ozone depleting chemicals (ODC's), defined by the USEPA as Class I substances. Pursuant to Section 611 of the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990, finalized on January 19, 1993, Exide established a policy to eliminate the use of Class I ODC's prior to the May 15, 1993 deadline.

NFPA Hazard Rating for sulfuric acid:

Flammability (Red) = Health (Blue) = Reactivity (Yellow) = Sulfuric acid is water-reactive if concentrated.

US State Notifications and Warnings:	Identification	Notifications/Warning			
California	California Proposition 65	<ul> <li>"WARNING: This product contains lead and arsenic, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm."</li> <li>The following chemicals identified to exist in the finished product as distributed into commerce are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or to cause reproductive harm: Arsenic (as arsenic oxides); CAS# 7440-38-2; &lt;0.1% wt</li> <li>Strong inorganic acid mists including sulfuric acid; CAS #: NA; 26-40% wt</li> <li>Lead – CAS No. 7439-92-1; 54-62% wt. Arsenic – CAS No. 7440-38-2 – 0.1%</li> </ul>			
	Consumer Product Volatile Organic Compound Emissions	This product is not regulated as a consumer product for purposes of CARB/OTC VOC Regulations, as sold for the intended purpose and into the industrial/commercial supply chain.			
<b>Country/Organization</b>	Identification	Notifications/Warning			
Canada	All chemical substances in this product are listed on the CEPA DSL/NDSL or are exempt from list requirements.	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Refer to the Controlled Products Regulation for product labeling requirements			
	NPRI and Ontario Regulation 127/01	Toppendix contains the following chemicals subject to the reportingrequirements of Canada NPRI and/or Ont. Reg. 127/01:ChemicalCAS #%wtLead7439-92-154-62Arsenic7440-38-20.1			

		Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 26-40%		
	Toxic Substances List	Lead		
		Arsenic		
		OTHER INFORMATION		
DATE ISSUED: Septem				
OTHER INFORMATIO	ON:	Distribution into Quebec to follow Canadian Controlled Product		
		Regulations (CPR) 24(1) and 24(2).		
		Distribution into the EU to follow applicable Directives to the Use,		
		Import/Export of the product as-sold.		
SOURCES OF INFOR	MATION:	International Agency for Research on Cancer (1987), IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:		
		Overall Evaluations of Carcinogenicity: An updating of IARC		
		Monographs Volumes 1-42, Supplement 7, Lyon, France.		
		Ontario Ministry of Labor Regulation 654/86. Regulations		
		Respecting Exposure to Chemical or Biological Agents.		
PR	EPARED BY: ENVIRON	MENTAL, SAFETY AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT		
		CHNOLOGIES		
		RFIELD PKWY., BLDG. 200		
	MILTON, G			
VENDEE AND THIRD	PERSONS ASSUME THE RISK	OF INJURY PROXIMATELY CAUSED BY THE MATERIAL IF		
		LOWED AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE DATA SHEET, AND VENDOR		
		R THIRD PERSONS PROXIMATELY CAUSED BY ABNORMAL USE OF		
THE MATERIAL EVEN	I IF REASONABLE PROCEDUR	ES ARE FOLLOWED.		
		S WORKING IN AN AREA WHERE THIS PRODUCT IS USED, AND ALL		
		AMILIAR WITH THE CONTENTS OF THIS DATA SHEET. THIS		
		NICATED TO EMPLOYEES AND OTHERS WHO MIGHT COME IN		
CONTACT WITH THE	PRODUCT.			
WHILE THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED AND SET FORTH HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE AS OF TH DATE HEREOF, EXIDE TECHNOLOGIES MAKES NO WARRANTY WITH RESPECT THERETO AND DISCLAIMS ALL				
		S ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THAT THE		
		ITABLE FOR THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES.		
	ANY PHOTOCOPY M	IUST BE OF THIS ENTIRE DOCUMENT		
L				